# **COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT**

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2020

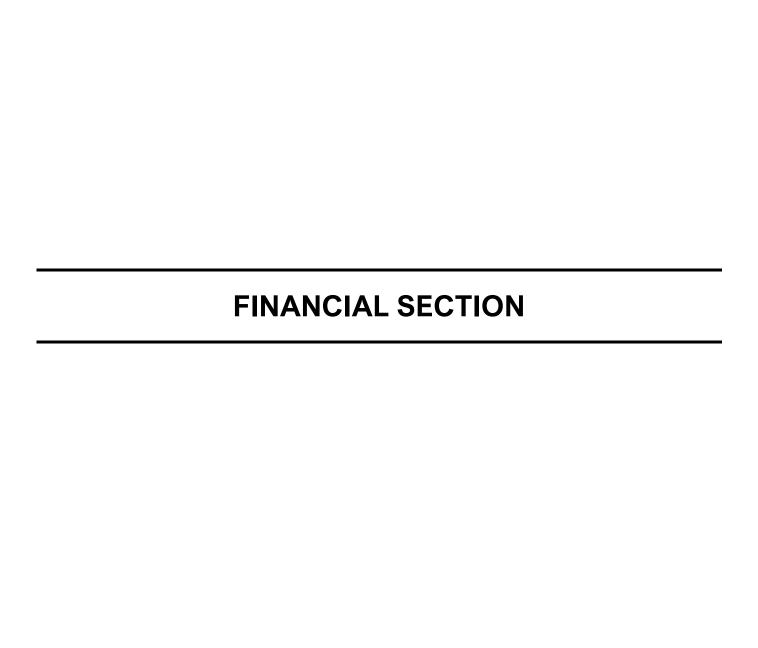


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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of district contributions for OPEB, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2021, on our consideration of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California March 30, 2021

Christy White, Inc.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **INTRODUCTION**

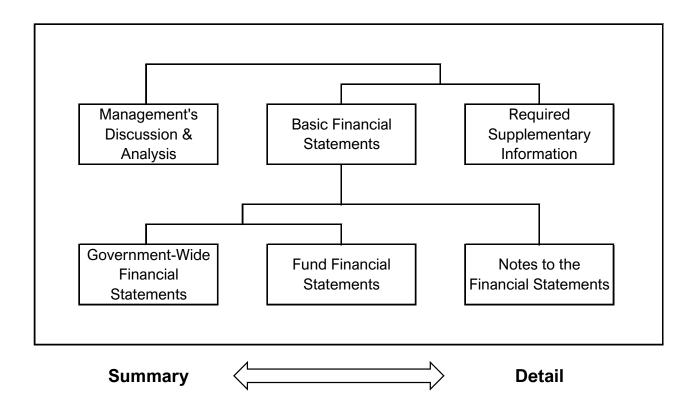
Our discussion and analysis of Compton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's total net position was \$60,792,306 at June 30, 2020. This was a decrease of \$4,473,569 from the prior year after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$331,237,060 which were exceeded by expenses of \$335,710,629.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Components of the Financial Section**



#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
  - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$60,792,306 at June 30, 2020, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(261,085,628) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					
	2020	2019	Net Change			
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 415,659,693	\$ 180,950,738	\$ 234,708,955			
Capital assets	346,720,742	325,263,091	21,457,651			
Total Assets	762,380,435	506,213,829	256,166,606			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	87,217,738	91,790,951	(4,573,213)			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	112,599,377	116,262,593	(3,663,216)			
Long-term liabilities	609,107,486	355,546,666	253,560,820			
Total Liabilities	721,706,863	471,809,259	249,897,604			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	67,099,004	71,026,075	(3,927,071)			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	276,366,418	277,833,357	(1,466,939)			
Restricted	45,511,516	36,164,268	9,347,248			
Unrestricted	(261,085,628)	(258,828,179)	(2,257,449)			
Total Net Position	\$ 60,792,306	\$ 55,169,446	\$ 5,622,860			

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement and rearranges slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities					
	2020 2019 Net Chang			Net Change		
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	827,696	\$	761,260	\$	66,436
Operating grants and contributions		63,151,215		71,793,218		(8,642,003)
General revenues						
Property taxes		53,209,442		50,348,386		2,861,056
Unrestricted federal and state aid		205,342,096		214,694,418		(9,352,322)
Other		8,706,611		9,212,088		(505,477)
Total Revenues		331,237,060		346,809,370		(15,572,310)
EXPENSES						
Instruction		181,479,632		174,832,743		6,646,889
Instruction-related services		34,705,211		31,095,209		3,610,002
Pupil services		39,600,053		45,072,244		(5,472,191)
General administration		23,966,358		22,375,900		1,590,458
Plant services		32,626,928		29,144,077		3,482,851
Ancillary and community services		2,106,489		1,920,279		186,210
Debt service		12,169,745		3,624,186		8,545,559
Other outgo		564,498		124,122		440,376
Depreciation		8,445,189		12,119,113		(3,673,924)
Other		46,526		33,147		13,379
Total Expenses		335,710,629		320,341,020		15,369,609
Change in net position		(4,473,569)		26,468,350		(30,941,919)
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated		65,265,875		28,701,096		36,564,779
Net Position - Ending	\$	60,792,306	\$	55,169,446	\$	5,622,860

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$335,710,629 but the net cost of services was only \$271,731,718. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$53,209,442 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2020		2019			
Instruction	\$	144,196,662	\$	142,787,046			
Instruction-related services		27,179,480		24,323,960			
Pupil services		25,163,366		26,607,018			
General administration		22,220,965		8,071,217			
Plant services		29,691,723		28,203,707			
Ancillary and community services		2,098,134		1,908,201			
Debt service		12,169,745		3,624,186			
Transfers to other agencies		519,928		123,716			
Depreciation		8,445,189		12,119,113			
Other		46,526		18,378			
Total Expenses	\$	271,731,718	\$	247,786,542			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$322,187,365, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$84,531,867. The District's General Fund had \$6,845,042 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's Building Fund had \$2,235,415 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020 and net financing sources of \$229,996,080, which led to an increase in fund balance of \$232,231,495.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2019-2020**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2019-2020 the District had invested \$346,720,742 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities				
	2020		2019	N	let Change
CAPITAL ASSETS					
Land	\$ 12,900,350	\$	9,600,736	\$	3,299,614
Construction in progress	12,747,469		11,392,274		1,355,195
Land improvements	42,188,766		41,077,722		1,111,044
Buildings & improvements	449,265,515		426,349,477		22,916,038
Furniture & equipment	25,245,755		24,024,806		1,220,949
Accumulated depreciation	(195,627,113)		(187,181,924)		(8,445,189)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 346,720,742	\$	325,263,091	\$	21,457,651

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$609,107,486 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 71.32% from last year's balance – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities					
		2020		2019	1	Net Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						
Total general obligation bonds	\$	289,799,868	\$	53,905,744	\$	235,894,124
Total certificates of participation		35,226,270		17,477,027		17,749,243
Compensated absences		1,804,363		1,671,344		133,019
Net OPEB liability		40,542,284		39,790,529		751,755
Net pension liability		261,128,584		256,517,063		4,611,521
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(19,393,883)		(13,815,041)		(5,578,842)
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	609,107,486	\$	355,546,666	\$	253,560,820

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

According to the UCLA Anderson Forecast, the U.S. economy is in a "depression-like crisis" and it will take at least three years before its GDP and unemployment rate return to the levels it saw before COVID-19 pandemic struck. Between February 2020 and April 2020, California lost 2.56 million nonfarm payroll jobs, a 15% drop that's nearly double the job loss during the Great Recession in 2008 and 2009.

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually, based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom and the State Legislature provided resources and support beyond the Proposition 98 requirement in 2020–21, giving one-time federal resources and pension rate relief and promising more than the minimum guarantee in 2021–22.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)**

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. In response to the ongoing pandemic, the 2020-21 State Budget reduced employer contribution rates in 2020–21 and 2021–22. This will reduce the CalSTRS employer rate from 18.4% to approximately 16.15% in 2020–21 and from 18.2% to 16.0% in 2021–22. The CalPERS employer contribution rate will be reduced from CalPERS recently set rate for 2020–21 of 22.68% to 20.7% and CalPERS 2021–22 estimated rate of 24.6% to 23.0%. Despite this reduction in the planned rate increases, the projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law. The CARES Act provides California K-12 education with \$1.65 billion in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds, \$355 million in Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Funds, and \$4.4 billion in Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF). CARES Act funds will be apportioned in 2020-21, however, ESSER is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 13, 2020 through December 30, 2020, GEER is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022, and CRF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020. On December 27, 2020, the President signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act which extended the CRF spending deadline to December 30, 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Compton Unified School District, 501 South Santa Fe Avenue, Compton, CA 90221.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 369,629,765
Accounts receivable	44,544,166
Inventory	258,955
Prepaid expenses	173,124
Other current assets	1,053,683
Capital assets, not depreciated	25,647,819
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	321,072,923
Total Assets	762,380,435
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	77,545,621
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	8,738,863
Deferred amount on refunding	933,254
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	87,217,738
LIABILITIES	
Deficit cash	640,433
Accrued liabilities	89,971,665
Unearned revenue	2,593,396
Long-term liabilities, current portion	19,393,883
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	609,107,486
Total Liabilities	721,706,863
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	49,934,364
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	17,164,640
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	67,099,004
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	276,366,418
Restricted:	. ,
Capital projects	3,406,657
Debt service	13,962,714
Educational programs	25,692,994
All others	2,449,151
Unrestricted	(261,085,628
Total Net Position	\$ 60,792,306

				Program	Reve	nues		evenues and Changes in Net Position
				Program Revenues Operating		Operating		tet i osition
			C	harges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	181,479,632	\$	7,357	\$	37,275,613	\$	(144,196,662)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		14,692,762		3,316		5,857,441		(8,832,005)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,787,234		-		56,269		(1,730,965)
School site administration		18,225,215		1,088		1,607,617		(16,616,510)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		5,381,431		-		-		(5,381,431)
Food services		16,997,377		741		12,037,184		(4,959,452)
All other pupil services		17,221,245		9,043		2,389,719		(14,822,483)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		3,764,197		-		-		(3,764,197)
All other general administration		20,202,161		5,697		1,739,696		(18,456,768)
Plant services		32,626,928		784,894		2,150,311		(29,691,723)
Ancillary services		2,106,489		343		8,012		(2,098,134)
Enterprise activities		46,526		-		-		(46,526)
Interest on long-term debt		12,169,745		-		-		(12,169,745)
Other outgo		564,498		15,217		29,353		(519,928)
Depreciation (unallocated)		8,445,189		-		<u>-</u>		(8,445,189)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	335,710,629	\$	827,696	\$	63,151,215		(271,731,718)
	Gen	eral revenues						
	Ta	xes and subvent	ions					
	F	roperty taxes, le	vied fo	or general purp	oses			37,379,469
	F	roperty taxes, le	vied fo	or debt service				14,214,609
Property taxes, levied for other specific purposes							1,615,364	
Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes							205,342,096	
	Int	erest and investr	ment e	arnings				535,184
	Mi	scellaneous						8,171,427
	Sub	total, General R	Revenu	e				267,258,149
	CHA	NGE IN NET PO	SITIO	N				(4,473,569)
	Net	Position - Begi	nning,	as Restated				65,265,875
	Net	Position - Endi	ng				\$	60,792,306

Net (Expenses)

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	G	eneral Fund	В	uilding Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	89,476,392	\$	238,016,703	\$ 31,306,478	\$	358,799,573
Accounts receivable		40,325,214		716,791	3,451,085		44,493,090
Stores inventory		130,709		-	128,246		258,955
Prepaid expenditures		173,124		-	-		173,124
Other current assets		1,053,683		-	-		1,053,683
Total Assets	\$	131,159,122	\$	238,733,494	\$ 34,885,809	\$	404,778,425
LIABILITIES							
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 640,433	\$	640,433
Accrued liabilities		69,873,900		412,113	9,071,218		79,357,231
Unearned revenue		1,508,214		-	1,085,182		2,593,396
Total Liabilities		71,382,114		412,113	10,796,833		82,591,060
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		1,292,727		-	128,246		1,420,973
Restricted		24,890,728		238,321,381	21,206,643		284,418,752
Committed		-		-	2,754,087		2,754,087
Assigned		24,269,356		-	-		24,269,356
Unassigned		9,324,197		-	-		9,324,197
Total Fund Balances		59,777,008		238,321,381	24,088,976		322,187,365
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	131,159,122	\$	238,733,494	\$ 34,885,809	\$	404,778,425

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 322,187,365
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital assets:	
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:	
Capital assets \$ 542,347,855	
Accumulated depreciation (195,627,113)	346,720,742
Deferred amount on refunding:	
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued,	
whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial	
statements:	933,254
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:  In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of	
the period was:	(585,855)
Long-term liabilities:	
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:	
Total general obligation bonds \$ 289,799,868	
Total certificates of participation 35,226,270	
Compensated absences 1,804,363	
Net OPEB liability 40,542,284	
Net pension liability 261,128,584	(628,501,369)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:	

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 77,545,621	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(49,934,364)	27,611,257

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 8,738,863	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(17,164,640)	(8,425,777)

Internal service funds:

**JUNE 30, 2020** 

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 60,792,306

852,689

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund	G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	233,680,560	\$ -	\$	3,739,784	\$	237,420,344
Federal sources		23,683,300	-		12,201,963		35,885,263
Other state sources		35,345,955	-		6,215,243		41,561,198
Other local sources		7,345,554	3,420,513		16,579,564		27,345,631
Total Revenues		300,055,369	3,420,513		38,736,554		342,212,436
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		183,958,038	-		3,296,584		187,254,622
Instruction-related services							
Instructional supervision and administration		14,529,932	-		431,379		14,961,311
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,625,902	-		-		1,625,902
School site administration		17,928,312	-		435,663		18,363,975
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation		5,372,958	-		-		5,372,958
Food services		4,528,761	-		11,790,634		16,319,395
All other pupil services		17,181,424	-		7,975		17,189,399
General administration							
Centralized data processing		3,382,144	-		-		3,382,144
All other general administration		19,104,550	-		216,017		19,320,567
Plant services		29,850,385	-		285,790		30,136,175
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		3,702,378	758,387		25,512,251		29,973,016
Ancillary services		2,135,173	-		-		2,135,173
Transfers to other agencies		58,014	-		-		58,014
Debt service							
Principal		2,315,000	-		10,015,220		12,330,220
Interest and other		1,227,440	426,711		13,665,981		15,320,132
Total Expenditures		306,900,411	1,185,098		65,657,494		373,743,003
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(6,845,042)	2,235,415		(26,920,940)		(31,530,567)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		600,000	-		-		600,000
Other sources		-	229,996,080		39,189,985		269,186,065
Transfers out		-	-		(600,000)		(600,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		600,000	229,996,080		38,589,985		269,186,065
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(6,245,042)	232,231,495		11,669,045		237,655,498
Fund Balance - Beginning		66,022,050	6,089,886		12,419,931		84,531,867
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	59,777,008	\$ 238,321,381	\$	24,088,976	\$	322,187,365

#### **COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

\$ 237,655,498

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 29,902,840

Depreciation expense: (8,445,189) 21,457,651

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

16,095,000

#### Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(269, 186, 065)

#### Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(109,123)

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(459,451)

#### Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(2,361,185)

### (continued on next page)

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(133,019)

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

5,135,973

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(11,036,268)

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

1,808,883

#### Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

(3,341,463)

#### Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (4,473,569)

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Activit Internal S	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 10	0,830,192	
Accounts receivable		51,076	
Total current assets	10	0,881,268	
Total Assets	10	0,881,268	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	10	0,028,579	
Total current liabilities		0,028,579	
Total Liabilities	10	0,028,579	
NET POSITION			
Restricted		852,689	
Total Net Position	\$	852,689	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Governmental Activities Internal Service	
	Inte		
		Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	7,183,787	
Other local revenues		28,960	
Total operating revenues		7,212,747	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits		329,013	
Supplies and materials		22,046	
Professional services		10,382,342	
Total operating expenses		10,733,401	
Operating income/(loss)		(3,520,654)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
Interest income		179,191	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		179,191	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(3,341,463)	
Net Position - Beginning, As Restated		4,194,152	
Net Position - Ending	\$	852,689	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from user charges	\$	7,212,747	
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to			
(from) other funds		17,862	
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(13,107,775)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(5,877,166)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		179,191	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		179,191	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(5,697,975)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Beginning of year		16,528,167	
End of year	\$	10,830,192	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities			
Operating income/(loss)	\$	(3,520,654)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		17,862	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(2,374,374)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(5,877,166)	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Trust Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund			Agency	y Funds		
				rant/Pass- ough Fund	Student Body Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	90,226	\$	348,587	\$	169,855	
Accounts receivable		117		341,197		-	
Total Assets		90,343	\$	689,784	\$	169,855	
LIABILITIES			ф	000.754	Φ.		
Accrued liabilities		-	\$	689,754	\$	- 400.055	
Due to student groups	-	<u>-</u>	Φ.		Φ.	169,855	
Total Liabilities	-		\$	689,754	\$	169,855	
NET POSITION							
Restricted		90,343					
Total Net Position	\$	90,343					

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Trust Fund		
	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings	\$	1,516	
Total Additions		1,516	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,516	
Net Position - Beginning		88,827	
Net Position - Ending	\$	90,343	

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Compton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Special Revenue Funds (continued)**

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 *et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for state apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacing of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (*Education Code* Section 17000 et seg.).

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Capital Project Funds (continued):**

**County School Facilities Fund:** This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

**Tax Override Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies. An example is a public school building loan repayment.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Internal Service Funds:** Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

**Self-Insurance Fund:** Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

**Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

**Student Body Fund:** The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

**Warrant/Pass-Through Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$15,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

#### **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

#### **Estimated Useful Life**

20-50 years 5-20 years 8 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance (continued)**

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 84** – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

**GASB Statement No. 95** – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This standard's primary objective is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The statement is effective immediately. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 95.

### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	G	Governmental		ternal Service	G	overnmental	Fiduciary		
		Funds		Funds		Activities	Funds		
Investment in county treasury*	\$	351,315,553	\$	9,980,192	\$	361,295,745	\$ 438,813		
Cash on hand and in banks		-		-		-	169,855		
Cash with fiscal agent		6,693,587		850,000		7,543,587	=		
Cash in revolving fund		150,000		=		150,000	=		
Total	\$	358,159,140	\$	10,830,192	\$	368,989,332	\$ 608,668		

<sup>\*</sup>Net of deficit cash

### B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Cash with Fiscal Agent** – Cash with fiscal agent consists of monies held with Union Bank for workers' compensation and cash balances maintained with BNY Mellon related to its Certificates of Participation.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$362,341,269 and an amortized book value of \$361,734,558. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 590 days.

### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2020, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

### G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	 icategorized
Investment in county treasury	\$ 362,341,269
Total	\$ 362,341,269

Uncategorized

## **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

					G	Non-Major Sovernmental	In	ternal Service	G	Sovernmental		
	Ge	neral Fund	Build	ling Fund		Funds		Funds		Activities	Fic	luciary Funds
Federal Government												
Categorical aid	\$	14,221,135	\$	-	\$	695,480	\$	-	\$	14,916,615	\$	-
State Government												
Apportionment		21,554,025		-		-		-		21,554,025		-
Categorical aid		1,969,134		-		2,674,725		-		4,643,859		-
Lottery		1,028,226		-		-		-		1,028,226		-
Local Government												
Other local sources		1,552,694		716,791		80,880		51,076		2,401,441		341,314
Total	\$	40,325,214	\$	716,791	\$	3,451,085	\$	51,076	\$	44,544,166	\$	341,314

# **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2019		Additions/ Adjustments	Deletions		Jı	Balance une 30, 2020
Governmental Activities			-				
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	9,600,736	\$ 3,299,614	\$	-	\$	12,900,350
Construction in progress		11,392,274	1,355,195		-		12,747,469
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		20,993,010	4,654,809		-		25,647,819
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		41,077,722	1,111,044		-		42,188,766
Buildings & improvements		426,349,477	22,916,038		-		449,265,515
Furniture & equipment		24,024,806	1,220,949		-		25,245,755
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		491,452,005	25,248,031		-		516,700,036
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		9,724,227	2,450,993		-		12,175,220
Buildings & improvements		155,678,805	6,443,245		-		162,122,050
Furniture & equipment		21,778,892	(449,049)		-		21,329,843
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	187,181,924	8,445,189		-		195,627,113
Governmental Activities		-	-	-			
Capital Assets, net	\$	325,263,091	\$ 21,457,651	\$	-	\$	346,720,742

### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of a \$600,000 transfer from the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to the General Fund for construction expenses.

## **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major							
					(	Governmental	In	ternal Service		(	Governmental		
	Ge	neral Fund	Βu	ilding Fund		Funds		Funds	District-Wide		Activities	Fi	duciary Funds
Payroll		35,657,989	\$	-	\$	284,874	\$	22,291	\$ -	\$	35,965,154	\$	
Construction		-		412,113		524		-	-		412,637		-
Vendors payable		26,063,206				8,785,820		-	-		34,849,026		-
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		-	585,855		585,855		-
Due to grantor government		8,152,705		-		-		10,006,288	-		18,158,993		689,754
Total	\$	69,873,900	\$	412,113	\$	9,071,218	\$	10,028,579	\$ 585,855	\$	89,971,665	\$	689,754

### **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		
			G	overnmental	G	Sovernmental
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds		Activities
Federal sources	\$	509,028	\$	7,196	\$	516,224
State categorical sources		999,186		1,077,986		2,077,172
Total	\$	1,508,214	\$	1,085,182	\$	2,593,396

### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Balance	Added	B. J. C.	Balance	Balance Due
		uly 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020	In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	33,254,495	\$ 229,996,080	\$ 10,015,220	\$ 253,235,355	\$ 11,431,583
Unamortized premium		3,956,750	18,759,462	1,452,317	21,263,895	1,452,317
Unamortized discount		(126,275)	-	(9,714)	(116,561)	(9,714)
Accreted interest		16,820,774	2,361,185	3,764,780	15,417,179	4,068,417
Total general obligation bonds		53,905,744	251,116,727	15,222,603	289,799,868	16,942,603
Certificates of participation		15,535,000	17,960,000	2,315,000	31,180,000	2,085,000
Unamortized premium		1,942,027	2,470,523	366,280	4,046,270	366,280
Total certificates of participation		17,477,027	20,430,523	2,681,280	35,226,270	2,451,280
Compensated absences	· ·	1,671,344	133,019	-	1,804,363	-
Net OPEB liability		39,790,529	751,755	-	40,542,284	-
Net pension liability		256,517,063	4,611,521	-	261,128,584	
Total	\$	369,361,707	\$ 277,043,545	\$ 17,903,883	\$ 628,501,369	\$ 19,393,883

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on certificates of participation are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

### A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$1,804,363. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

### B. <u>Certificates of Participation</u>

On June 1, 2007, the District issued Series B Certificates of Participation to \$25,000,000 payable in annual installments from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2027. Interest rates range from 3.6 to 5.0 percent, payable beginning December 1, 2007. The agreement is between the District and the County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Bank of New York as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund shall be applied to finance the modernization and rehabilitation of approximately 28 different schools on sites within the boundaries of Compton Unified School District.

In April 2015, the District issued \$20,135,000 in Certificates of Participation to refund on a current basis all outstanding 2004 Certificates of Participation amounting to \$6,535,000, and partially refund on an advance basis \$15,305,000 of outstanding 2007 Certificates of Participation. Deferred charges on refunding of \$646,952 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$1,505,796 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,222,771.

On October 31, 2019, the District issued 2019 Series A Certificates of Participation to \$17,960,000 payable in annual installments from June 1, 2020 through June 1, 2039. Interest rates range from 3.0 to 5.0 percent, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The agreement is between the District and the Los Angeles County Schools Regionalized Business Services Corporation with the Bank of New York as trustee. Amounts on deposit in the Project Fund shall be used to finance the construction or installation of capital improvement projects and/or equipment.

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 2,085,000	\$ 1,440,150	\$ 3,525,150
2022	2,225,000	1,337,800	3,562,800
2023	2,370,000	1,228,900	3,598,900
2024	2,535,000	1,113,300	3,648,300
2025	2,700,000	990,000	3,690,000
2026 - 2030	6,490,000	3,425,000	9,915,000
2031 - 2035	5,765,000	2,171,200	7,936,200
2036 - 2039	7,010,000	731,400	7,741,400
Total	\$ 31,180,000	\$ 12,437,750	\$ 43,617,750

### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

### C. General Obligation Bonds

In June 2006, the District issued \$19,999,970 in General Obligation Series C Bonds and \$50,789,740 in General Obligation Series D Bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District, advance refund on a current basis all outstanding Certificates of Participation Series B amounting to \$19,380,000, and partially refund \$34,445,000 of outstanding 2002 Series A general obligation bonds and \$14,955,000 of outstanding 2002 Series B general obligation bonds.

In March 2015, the District issued \$5,505,000 of Series E refunding bonds to advance refund a portion of the Series C bonds. Deferred charges on refunding of \$347,281 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$999,276 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$811,455. Deferred charges on refunding of \$285,997 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2020, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$0.

On October 26, 2016, the District issued 2002 Election, 2016 Series F General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$7,785,000. The bonds were issued to current refund and defease all of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, 2002 Election, 2006 Series C and to pay costs of issuance. The bonds accrue interest between 2% and 5.5% per annum from the date of the issuance and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2031. Deferred charges on refunding of \$218,551 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2020, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$0.

On November 3, 2015, the voters authorized the District to issue and sale \$350,000,000 in principal amount of general obligation bonds to finance the acquisition and improvement of various capital facilities of the District. On October 26, 2016, the District issued 2015 Election, Series A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000. The bonds accrue interest between 2% and 5% per annum from the date of the issuance and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2020.

On August 29, 2019, the District issued 2015 Election, Series B General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$229,996,080. The issuance consisted of \$69,405,000 in current interest serial bonds, \$87,155,000 in current interest term bonds, and \$73,436,080 in capital appreciation serial bonds. The bonds accrue interest between 0.92% and 4.00% per annum from the date of the issuance and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year through June 2049.

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters. The annual requirements to amortize outstanding general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 11,431,583	\$ 10,859,855	\$ 22,291,438
2022	11,597,725	10,778,813	22,376,538
2023	4,490,902	8,017,136	12,508,038
2024	4,520,642	7,969,571	12,490,213
2025	4,936,483	7,880,605	12,817,088
2026 - 2030	37,436,943	30,250,532	67,687,475
2031 - 2035	35,883,310	17,494,725	53,378,035
2036 - 2040	30,582,371	16,431,000	47,013,371
2041 - 2045	40,050,400	16,431,000	56,481,400
2046 - 2049	 72,304,996	7,103,800	79,408,796
Total	\$ 253,235,355	\$ 133,217,037	\$ 386,452,392

### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

### D. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$39,790,529 and increased by \$751,755 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was \$40,542,284. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

## E. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$256,517,063 and increased by \$4,611,521 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2020 was \$261,128,584. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

### **NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2020:

					on-Major	<b>C</b> -	Total
	General Fun	d	Building Fund	Go	vernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$ 150,0	000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	150,000
Stores inventory	130,7	709	-		128,246		258,955
Prepaid expenditures	173,	124	-		-		173,124
All others	838,8	394	-		-		838,894
Total non-spendable	1,292,7	727	-		128,246		1,420,973
Restricted							·
Educational programs	24,890,7	728	-		802,266		25,692,994
Capital projects		-	238,321,381		3,406,657		241,728,038
Debt service		-	-		14,548,569		14,548,569
All others		-	-		2,449,151		2,449,151
Total restricted	24,890,7	728	238,321,381		21,206,643		284,418,752
Committed	_						
Other commitments		-	-		2,754,087		2,754,087
Total committed		-	-		2,754,087		2,754,087
Assigned	_						
Reserved for future obligations	24,269,3	356	-		-		24,269,356
Total assigned	24,269,3	356	-		-		24,269,356
Unassigned	9,324,	197	-		-		9,324,197
Total Fund Balance	\$ 59,777,0	800	\$ 238,321,381	\$	24,088,976	\$	322,187,365

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

### A. Plan Description

The Compton Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Compton Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. The District is a participant in a GASB eligible trust, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by PARS.

### B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan as follows.

Effective November 1, 2011, the District provides continuation under PEMHCA to all of its retirees (except Teamsters). CEA (Certificated) retirees have participated in PEMHCA since November 1, 1992, and the minimum District contribution on their behalf, under the Unequal Contribution Method, is now 100% of the statutory minimum for active employees (\$128 per months for calendar 2017, \$133 per month for calendar year 2018, \$136 per month for calendar year 2019, and indexed with Medical CPI thereafter).

For Classified groups entering PEMHCA as of November 1, 2011, the minimum District contribution is subject to the Unequal Contribution Method based on the effective date of the groups' participation in PEMHCA as shown in the table below. The percentage of the statutory minimum for these retirees will increase by 5% per year until it reaches 100% in the year 2031. The statutory minimum itself is increased each year by medical inflation, which has recently averaged about 4% per year. Benefits are paid for the lifetime of the retiree as long as he or she continues to participate in PEMHCA. The District also pays an administrative fee of 0.32% of premium on behalf of all active employees and retirees.

CSEA, SEIU and CFPSE (now Teamsters) retirees who retire after age 60 with at least 20 years of service or after age 55 with at least 30 years of service are offered a 50% District contribution towards the purchase of medical, dental and vision insurance for the retiree only. After the retiree reaches age 65, the District will continue a Medicare Supplement benefit in the amount of \$500 per year to eligible retirees until age 68. This amount is subject to the PEMHCA minimum required contribution.

CEA retirees who retire between the ages of 55 and 65 with at least 11 years of service are eligible for an early retirement incentive program that pays 50% of group health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums until age 65. ROP teachers are not eligible for the early retirement incentive program.

There is a Retirement Incentive of \$1,388 per year paid to Certificated retirees. Because this program is not related to health insurance and is not within the scope of GASB 75, it has not been considered in this report, and should not be counted as an employer contribution towards OPEB in the District's financial reporting.

### C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$3,661,610 to the Plan.

### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

### D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	498
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	1,649
Total number of participants**	2,147

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

### E. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

District's net OPEB liability	\$ 40,542,284
Plan fiduciary net position	 3,458,192
Total OPEB liability	\$ 44,000,476

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability 7.86%

### F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

### **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 3.00% Discount rate 6.50%

Health care trend rate 6.50%HMO/6.50%PPO decreasing to 4.50%HMO/4.50%PPO

### Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated Most recent rates used by CalSTRS
Classified Most recent rates used by CalPERS

Retirement rates:

Certificated CalSTRS Retirement Rates Table

Classified CalPERS Retirement Rates for School Employees Table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of plan experience.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date

# NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## G. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	<u>J</u> ı	une 30, 2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	1,707,514
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,721,352
Difference between expected and actual experience		(955,961)
Changes of assumptions		997,623
Benefits payments		(1,258,985)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,211,543
Total OPEB liability - beginning		40,788,933
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	44,000,476
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	3,661,610
Net investment income		59,636
Benefit payments		(1,258,985)
Administrative expenses		(2,473)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,459,788
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		998,404
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,458,192
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	40,542,284
		_
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total OPEB liability		7.9%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	108,830,673
District's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		37.25%

# H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Compton Unified School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			,	Valuation		
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(5.50%)		(6.50%)		(7.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	45,868,541	\$	40,542,284	\$	36,028,064

### NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

### I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Compton Unified School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valu	uation Trend		
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
	•	%HMO/5.50% decreasing to	•	%HMO/6.50% decreasing to	•	0%HMO/7.50% decreasing to
		%HMO/3.50%		%HMO/4.50%		%HMO/5.50%
		PPO)		PPO)		PPO)
Net OPEB liability	\$	35,383,065	\$	40,542,284	\$	46,752,975

### J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Compton Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$913,329. At June 30, 2020, the Compton Unified School District reported deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 Resources
Differences between projected and		
actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 68,819	\$ -
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	-	819,395
Changes in assumptions	855,105	16,345,245
District contributions subsequent		
to the measurement date	 7,814,939	 
Total	\$ 8,738,863	\$ 17,164,640

The \$7,814,939 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Def	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	0	f Resources
2021	\$	159,907	\$	3,535,016
2022		159,907		3,535,016
2023		159,906		3,535,016
2024		159,171		3,535,019
2025		142,518		2,888,008
2026		142,515		136,565
Total	\$	923,924	\$	17,164,640

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Def	erred inflows		
	N	let pension liability		flows related pensions		related to pensions	Pen	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	179,342,674	\$	58,891,840	\$	43,985,585	\$	21,077,982
PERS Pension	Ψ	81,785,910	Ψ	18,653,781	Ψ	5,948,779	Ψ	17,952,190
Total	\$	261,128,584	\$	77,545,621	\$	49,934,364	\$	39,030,172

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Contributions**

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2020, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 18.13% of annual payroll reduced to 17.10% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$19,854,626 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$13,652,344 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 179,342,674
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 97,844,192
Total	\$ 277,186,866

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.199 percent, which was an increase of 0.005 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,077,982 In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$2,676,968 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	6,908,335
Differences between expected and actual experience		452,745		5,053,669
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		22,682,928		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		15,901,541		32,023,581
to the measurement date		19,854,626		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$	58,891,840	\$	43,985,585

The \$19,854,626 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2021	\$	12,490,568	\$	9,872,654
2022		12,490,570		14,668,775
2023		6,403,744		8,801,456
2024		6,409,700		9,190,261
2025		621,316		928,539
2026		621,316		523,900
Total	\$	39,037,214	\$	43,985,585

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	4.80%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Real Estate	13%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	D	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	_		_	 _
the net pension liability	\$ 267,056,087	\$	179,342,674	\$ 106,611,551

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 20.733% of annual payroll reduced to 19.721% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$8,139,278 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$81,785,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.281 percent, which was a decrease of 0.013 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,952,190. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	_	\$	758,580		
Differences between expected and	•		•	•		
actual experience		5,940,940		-		
Changes in assumptions		3,893,263		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		680,300		5,190,199		
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		8,139,278				
Total	\$	18,653,781	\$	5,948,779		

The \$8,139,278 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	Deferred Inflows					
Year Ended	l June 30,	of	Resources	of	Resources					
202	21	\$	6,765,836	\$	3,605,312					
202	22		2,695,520		246,992					
202	23		957,406		364,332					
202	24		95,741		1,732,143					
Tot	al	\$	10,514,503	\$	5,948,779					

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (6.15%)		scount Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of	•	_			_
the net pension liability	\$	117,889,011	\$	81,785,910	\$ 51,835,893

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

### **C.** Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had no commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

## **NOTE 13 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs); the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SCR), and the Schools' Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

### NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

### A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2020, the deferred amount on refunding was \$933,254.

### **B.** Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$77,545,621 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$49,934,364.

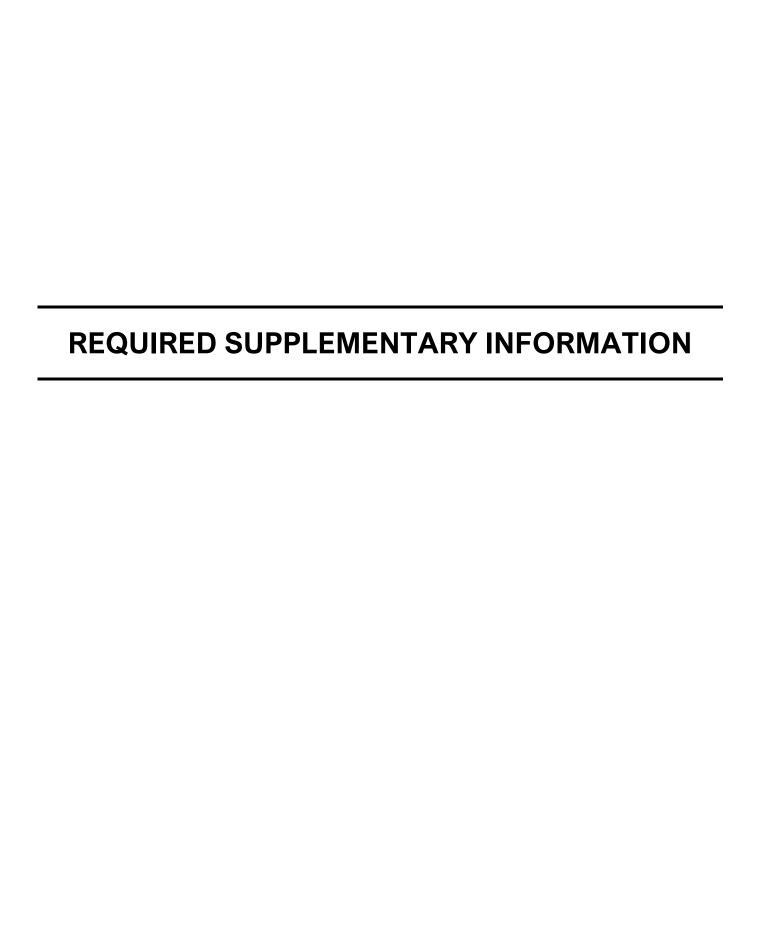
### C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$8,738,863 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$17,164,640.

## **NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

The beginning net position of Governmental Activities and fund balance of the Internal Service Fund have been restated. The effect on beginning net position and fund balance is presented as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ 55,169,446					
Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) Liability	10,096,429_					
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 65,265,875					
	Internal Service Fund					
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ (5,902,278)					
Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) Liability	10,096,430_					
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 4.194.152					



# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual*	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fina	I to Actual	
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	244,999,414 \$	\$	245,850,776	\$	237,420,344	\$	(8,430,432)	
Federal sources		23,747,816		23,747,816		23,874,865		127,049	
Other state sources		23,678,334		32,965,604		35,345,955		2,380,351	
Other local sources		3,011,416		6,173,964		7,153,989		980,025	
Total Revenues		295,436,980		308,738,160		303,795,153		(4,943,007)	
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		121,201,866		123,366,610		117,490,672		5,875,938	
Classified salaries		39,777,828		39,354,802		39,354,802		-	
Employee benefits		53,114,020		76,160,302		76,160,300		2	
Books and supplies		24,550,457		21,273,914		19,758,842		1,515,072	
Services and other operating expenditures		52,745,273		56,949,059		46,879,893		10,069,166	
Capital outlay		490,341		11,062,884		3,871,465		7,191,419	
Other outgo									
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		2,700,550		3,549,441		3,600,454		(51,013)	
Transfers of indirect costs		(1,048,972)		(561,203)		(216,017)		(345,186)	
Total Expenditures		293,531,363		331,155,809		306,900,411		24,255,398	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		1,905,617		(22,417,649)		(3,105,258)		19,312,391	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								_	
Transfers in		600,000		600,000		600,000		-	
Transfers out		(3,739,784)		(3,739,784)		(3,739,784)			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,139,784)		(3,139,784)		(3,139,784)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,234,167)		(25,557,433)		(6,245,042)		19,312,391	
Fund Balance - Beginning		66,022,049		66,022,050		66,022,050			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	64,787,882 \$	\$	40,464,617	\$	59,777,008	\$	19,312,391	

<sup>\*</sup>Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include a reclassification of federal revenues for the Medi-Cal Billing Option program to local revenues.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020			une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	1,707,514	\$	3,113,634	\$	3,414,597		
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,721,352		1,988,611		1,683,118		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(955,961)		-		-		
Changes of assumptions		997,623		(19,260,112)		(4,529,038)		
Benefits payments		(1,258,985)		(856,223)		(815,657)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,211,543		(15,014,090)		(246,980)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		40,788,933		55,803,023		56,050,003		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	44,000,476	\$	40,788,933	\$	55,803,023		
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	3,661,610	\$	1,856,223	\$	_		
Net investment income	Ψ	59,636	Ψ	(972)	Ψ	_		
Benefit payments		(1,258,985)		(856,223)		_		
Administrative expenses		(2,473)		(624)		_		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	•	2,459,788		998,404				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		998,404		-		_		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,458,192	\$	998,404	\$			
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	40,542,284	\$	39,790,529	\$	55,803,023		
Districts het OFEB hability - ending (a) - (b)	φ	40,342,204	φ	39,790,329	φ	33,803,023		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		7.9%		2.4%		0.0%		
,								
Covered-employee payroll	\$	108,830,673	\$	132,662,000	\$	132,662,000		
District's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		37.3%		30.0%		42.1%		

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OPEB FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Jı	une 30, 2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,280,135
Contributions in relation to the actuarially		
determined contribution		3,661,610
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,618,525
Covered-employee payroll	\$	108,830,673
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.4%

<sup>\*</sup>For 2018 and 2019, there was no actuarially determined contribution.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	J	June 30, 2020 June		une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		J	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.199%		0.194%		0.199%		0.215%		0.276%		0.220%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	179,342,674	\$	178,226,404	\$	183,615,185	\$	173,838,458	\$	186,073,187	\$	128,276,966
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District <b>Total</b>	\$	97,844,192 277,186,866	\$	102,043,452 280,269,856	\$	108,626,078 292,241,263	\$	98,977,703 272,816,161	\$	98,411,941 284,485,128	\$	77,459,171 205,736,137
District's covered payroll	\$	112,903,709	\$	114,084,710	\$	106,263,179	\$	111,062,465	\$	113,774,202	\$	97,771,818
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		158.8%		156.2%		172.8%		156.5%		163.5%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Jı	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.281%		0.294%		0.297%		0.315%		0.340%		0.405%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	81,785,910	\$	78,290,659	\$	70,997,380	\$	62,131,945	\$	50,161,465	\$	45,984,025
District's covered payroll	\$	43,265,225	\$	44,717,548	\$	42,733,687	\$	42,944,375	\$	42,326,807	\$	42,521,063
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		189.0%		175.1%		166.1%		144.7%		118.5%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Jı	une 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	19,854,626	\$	17,901,646	\$	15,922,435	\$	11,699,892	\$	11,666,292	\$	12,531,812
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(19,854,626)		(17,901,646)		(15,922,435)		(11,699,892)		(11,666,292)		(12,531,812)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	115,963,582	\$	112,903,709	\$	114,084,710	\$	106,263,179	\$	111,062,465	\$	113,774,202
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.12%		15.86%		13.96%		11.01%		10.50%		11.01%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018 June 30		ine 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,139,278	\$	7,325,023	\$	6,348,967	\$	5,543,200	\$	4,966,156	\$	5,292,672
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(8,139,278)		(7,325,023)		(6,348,967)		(5,543,200)		(4,966,156)		(5,292,672)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	42,570,167	\$	43,265,225	\$	44,717,548	\$	42,733,687	\$	42,944,375	\$	42,326,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.12%		16.93%		14.20%		12.97%		11.56%		12.50%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

### **Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

## **Schedule of the District Contributions for OPEB**

This 10-year schedule presents information on the District's actuarially determined contribution, contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution, and any excess or deficiency related to the actuarially determined contribution.

### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuations for OPEB.

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

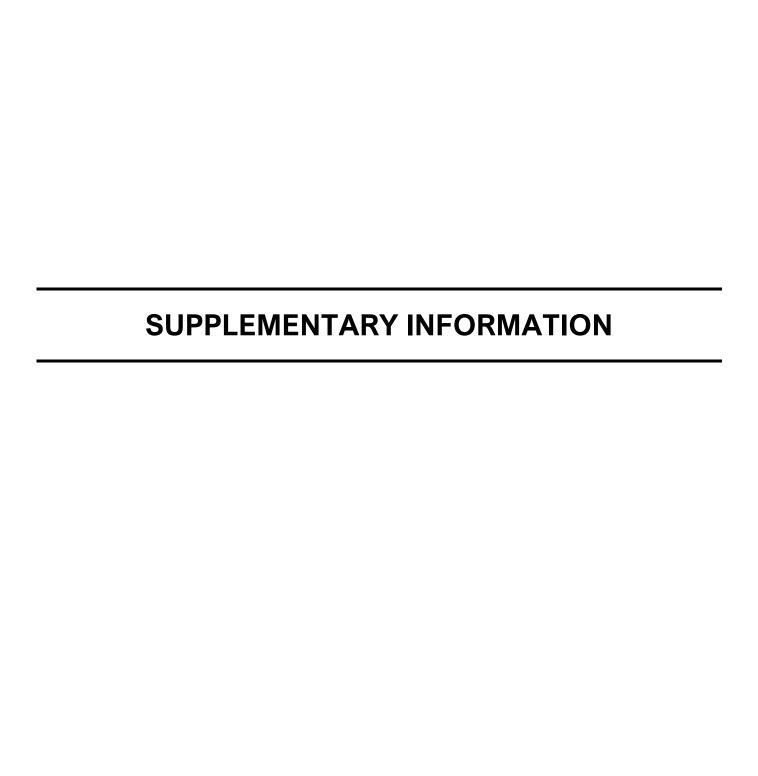
### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

### NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses					
	 Budget		Actual		Excess	
General Fund						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$ 3,549,441	\$	3,600,454	\$	51,013	



# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 13,587,849
Comprehensive Support and Improvement for LEAs	84.010	15438	293,774
Subtotal Title I, Part A			13,881,623
Adult Education			
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508	68,675
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	69,984
Subtotal Adult Education	0002	.00.0	138,659
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	2,423,868
Title III	01.001	11011	2, 120,000
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	1,211,414
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	2,435
Subtotal Title III	04.505	13140	1,213,849
			1,213,049
Title IV, Part A	04 424	15206	225 104
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	335,184
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant Program (Competitive)	84.424	15391	349,021
Subtotal Title IV, Part A	04.007	11010	684,205
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14349	921,500
Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Partnership Program	84.126	10006	111,878
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	3,747,681
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	226,941
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	71,064
IDEA Alternate Dispute Resolution, Part B, Sec 611	84.173A	13007	14,601
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	1,000
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			4,061,287
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	91,745
Carl D. Perkins CTE			
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131	84.048	14894	289,179
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Adult, Section 132	84.048	14893	11,685
Subtotal Carl D. Perkins CTE			300,864
Promoting Readiness of Minors in Supplemental Security Income (PROMISE)	84.418P	14377	4,166
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			,
Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	10147	2,146,612
Total U. S. Department of Education	04.4200	10147	25,980,256
Total 6. 6. Department of Education			20,000,200
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
	10.553	12526	2 707 202
School Breakfast Program - Needy		13526	2,707,393
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	6,189,435
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding - Unanticipated School Closures	10.555	*	1,562,978
USDA Commodities	10.555	<u>^</u>	633,993
Meal Supplements	10.555	^	173,954
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			11,267,753
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393	783,866
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			12,051,619
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	10149	2,616,735
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury	21.018	10143	2,616,735
Total G. S. Department of the Treasury  Total Federal Expenditures			
rotar rederar expenditures			\$ 40,648,610

<sup>\* -</sup> Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Second Period Report Certificate No. 2A15FE01	Annual Report Certificate No. BDC3D675
SCHOOL DISTRICT	ZAISI LUI	DDC3D013
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	6,478.90	6,478.90
Extended Year Special Education	2.59	2.59
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	5.28	5.33
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.63	0.63
Total TK/K through Third	6,487.40	6,487.45
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	4,942.37	4,942.37
Extended Year Special Education	2.44	2.44
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	15.50	15.65
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.85	0.85
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,961.16	4,961.31
Seventh through Eighth	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Regular ADA	3,119.65	3,119.65
Extended Year Special Education	1.12	1.12
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	17.66	17.82
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.93	1.93
Total Seventh through Eighth	3,140.36	3,140.52
Ninth through Twelfth	•	_
Regular ADA	4,768.84	4,768.84
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	30.58	30.86
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.59	3.59
Total Ninth through Twelfth	4,803.01	4,803.29
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,391.93	19,392.57

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Actual Instructional Minutes*	2019-20 Planned Number of Days	2019-20 Actual Number of Days	Number of Days Certified Closed due to COVID-19*	Status
Kindergarten	36.000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	58,530	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,220	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,220	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,220	180	128	52	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,220	180	128	52	Complied

<sup>\*</sup>On August 2, 2020, the District certified that all schools were closed from March 16, 2020 to June 5, 2020 for a total of 52 instructional days due to COVID-19. The planned minutes covered by the COVID-19 School Closure Certification were included in the actual minutes column but were not actually offered due to the COVID-19 school closure.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	20	021 (Budget)	2020	2019	2018
General Fund - Budgetary Basis					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	278,622,026 \$	304,395,153	\$ 314,564,367	\$ 279,689,373
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		285,781,727	310,640,195	300,533,157	288,399,092
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(7,159,701) \$	(6,245,042)	\$ 14,031,210	\$ (8,709,719)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	52,617,307 \$	59,777,008	\$ 66,022,050	\$ 51,990,840
Available Reserves*	\$	8,630,247 \$	9,324,197	\$ 10,951,800	\$ 10,282,813
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		3.02%	3.00%	3.64%	3.57%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	616,887,486 \$	628,501,369	\$ 369,361,707	\$ 396,923,257
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		19.478	19.392	19.481	20.997
Attenuance At 1 -2		13,470	19,392	19,401	20,991

The General Fund balance has increased by \$7,786,168 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects a decrease of \$7,159,701. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$231,578,112 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,605 ADA over the past two years. An anticipated increase of 86 ADA is expected during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Building Fund
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$ 238,724,744
Adjustments and reclassifications:	
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	
Accrued liabilities	(403,363)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 (403,363)
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 238,321,381

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2020

The Compton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1970, and is comprised of an area of approximately 30 square miles located in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating 21 elementary schools, 7 middle schools, 3 high schools, one early college high school, one adult school, and three alternative schools.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

	00 12 1111110 2071112	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Micah Ali	President	2024
Satra Zurita	Vice President	2022
Charles Davis	Clerk	2024
LoWanda Green	Member	2022
Mae P. Thomas	Member	2022
Alma Pleasant	Member	2022
Sandra Moss	Legislative Representative	2024

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Darin Brawley, Ed.D., Superintendent

Alejandro Alvarez, Ed.D., Deputy Superintendent/CAO

William Wu, JD, Chief of School Police

Kanika White, Ed.D., Executive Director of Human Resources

Mario Marcos, Executive Director of Educational Services

Nathaniel Holt, Chief Facilities Officer and Bond Program Director

Abimbola Ajala, Ed.D., Executive Director of Pupil Services

Helen Rodriguez, Ed.D., Senior Director of Special Education and SELPA

Greg Puccia, Ed.D., Senior Director of Educational Services, Secondary

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Included in
Charter#	Charter School	Status	Audit Report
1990	Animo Compton Charter	Active	No
1062	Barack Obama Charter	Active	No
1952	Ingenium Clarion Charter Middle	Active	No
1827	ISANA Achernar Academy	Active	No
1996	KIPP Compton Community	Active	No
0963	Lifeline Education Charter	Active	No
1772	Today's Fresh Start-Compton	Active	No

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2020 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2020.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the	•	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 35,885,263
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	2,146,612
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	2,616,735
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 40,648,610

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Compton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Compton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2021

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Compton Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California March 30, 2021

Christy White, Inc.

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Compton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Compton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Compton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California March 30, 2021

Christy White, Inc.

#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Compton Unified School District Compton, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Compton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Compton Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Compton Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Compton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Compton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2020-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Compton Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Compton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Procedures Performed**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Compton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	<u>PERFORMED</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable

(continued on the following page)

### **Procedures Performed (continued)**

PROGRAM NAME Charter Schools Attendance; for charter schools	PERFORMED  Not Applicable
	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
	140t / tppiloabic
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

San Diego, California March 30, 2021

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issue	ed:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial	reporting:		
Material weakness(es) iden	itified?	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) i	dentified?	None Reported	
Non-compliance material to f	inancial statements noted?	No	_
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major pr	rogram:		
Material weakness(es) iden	· ·	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) i		None Reported	_
Type of auditors' report issue		Unmodified	_
* *	that are required to be reported in accordance		_
with Uniform Guidance 2 C	·	No	
Identification of major progra			_
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	_	
84.425D	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	_	
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation	_	
	nguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 1,219,458	_
Auditee qualified as low-risk	auditee?	Yes	_
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state pro	ograms:		
Material weaknesses identi		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) i		Yes	_
, ,	ed on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	-
,, ,			-

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

**FIVE DIGIT CODE** 

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

#### FINDING #2020-001: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (70000)

**Criteria:** The District must hold an annual public hearing regarding sufficiency of instructional materials and the determination of sufficiency instructional materials must be made at a regularly scheduled board meeting in accordance with *California Education Code Section* 60119. The District must hold the public hearing at a time that encourages the attendance of teachers and parents and guardians of pupils who attend the schools and cannot take place during or immediately following school hours.

**Condition:** In our review of documentation related to the sufficiency of textbooks and instructional materials, it was noted that the District held the public hearing at a special board meeting at 10:00 am.

**Effect:** The District was not in compliance with the applicable section of California Education Code related to instructional materials.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Questioned Costs: None, the requirements are verified for compliance only and a finding does not result in disallowance of funds.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District ensure the public hearing is held at a regularly scheduled board meeting and not during or immediately following school hours.

**Corrective Action Plan:** Annual public hearing regarding sufficiency of instructional materials will take place at a regularly scheduled board meeting. This will enable teachers, parents and guardians of district pupils to attend.

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### FINDING #2019-001: SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (72000)

**Criteria:** School Accountability Report Cards (SARCs), prepared on annual basis for each school site within the District and posted in February, should contain information regarding school facilities conditions, as indicated in the most recently prepared Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) form developed by the Office of Public School Construction and approved by the State Allocation Board, or local evaluation instruments that meet the same criteria, as per Education Code Sections 33126(b)(8) and 17002(d). All schools are required to prepare a SARC during their first year and last year of operation under *EC* Section 35256(c).

**Condition:** During testing of a representative sample of SARCs published in 2018-19 reporting information pertaining to 2017-18, we found the information reported under the School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (Most Recent Year) section did not present accurate information from the Facility Inspection Tool forms provided. For the SARC information to be timely and accurate, the facilities inspection data should come from FIT forms prepared in the current fiscal year. For Compton High School, the FIT form stated "Good" for Cleanliness and "Good" for School Rating but on the SARC it stated "Poor" for Cleanliness and "Fair" for School Rating.

Cause: Oversight.

**Questioned Costs:** Not applicable for SARC findings.

Perspective: One (1) of eight (8) school sites did not accurately report school facility conditions.

**Effect:** The 2017-18 School Accountability Report Card published and tested in 2018-19 reported inaccurate information reported for school facility conditions and complaints related to teacher vacancies and misassignments.

**Repeat Finding:** Yes, refer to Finding #2018-001.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District implement a process to ensure all SARCs are prepared, and all information presented on the SARCs is contemporaneous and complete.

Corrective Action Plan: The Chief Facility Officer (CFO) will ensure that FIT reports are accurate. In addition, the CFO will verify the data on SARCs have proper and accurate supporting documents. It is the responsibility of the Facility department staff to complete FIT forms accurately for all schools. The Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) conducts facility review for some of the district schools and report its findings. LACOE also indicates when it will revisit the schools with findings for corrective measures.

It appears that the facility department staff did not provide updated FIT report of "Good" for cleanliness pertaining to Compton High School to those responsible for the SARC publication. The Facility department staff will undertake proper steps to ensure that both the FIT and SACR reports agree.

Current Status: Implemented.

## COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### FINDING #2019-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

**Criteria:** Students classified as English Learners (EL) or Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the classification. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

**Condition:** One (1) of sixty (60) students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as Free or Reduced Priced Meal (FRPM) only did not have documentation for their classification. Six (6) of sixty (60) students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as English Learners only did not have documentation for their classification. This error rate was extrapolated over the FRPM only population of 1,358 and EL only population of 711 students, for a total of 94 ineligible students.

**Cause:** English learners' students were not tested during the school year even though they are designated as English Learners. For one student classified as Free, the household income and household size did meet the required threshold for free or reduced meal.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with state requirements.

**Context:** Based on the extrapolation of error 94 students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM and/or EL designation.

Questioned Cost: \$167,854 as follows:

<b>UPP</b> Audi	it Adjustment					
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2		65,196			
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2		59,571			
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment					
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count				(94)	
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment		65,196			
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count				59,477	
7	UPP calculated as of P-2				0.9137	
8	Revised UPP for audit finding				0.9123	
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap					
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	0.9123				
LCFF Tar	get Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	TK/K-3	4-6	7–8	9–12	
11	Supplemental and Concentration Grant ADA	6,890.94	5,441.69	3,277.92	5,154.51	
12	Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$8,235	\$7,571	\$7,796	\$9,269	
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2		\$31,299,295			
14	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding			\$3	1,251,337	
15	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment		(\$47,958)			
LCFF Tar	get Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment					
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2			\$3	1,146,858	
17	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding			\$3	1,026,962	
18	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment			()	119,896)	
Estimate	d Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded a	t LCFF Ta	rget			
19	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment			(9	167,854)	
Estimate	d Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded of	n LCFF FI	oor and G	ар		
20	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2			1.00	000000000	
21	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment			(\$	167,854)	

# COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### FINDING #2019-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Repeat Finding: Yes, refer to Finding #2018-002.

Recommendation: We recommend implementation of internal controls to ensure accuracy over CALPADS reporting.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The district will ensure that all responsible departments for the unduplicated pupil counts coordinate with each other. This will ensure proper maintenance of supporting documents affecting students classified as EL, or Free or Reduced Meal and Forster Youth in the CALPADS.

**Current Status:** Implemented.