

## California Pediatric Tuberculosis Risk Assessment



- Use this tool to identify asymptomatic <u>children</u> for latent TB infection (LTBI) testing.
- Do not repeat testing unless there are <u>new</u> risk factors since the last test.
   If initial negative screening test occurred prior to 6 months of age, repeat testing should occur at age 6 months or older
- Do not treat for LTBI until active TB disease has been excluded:
   For children with TB symptoms or abnormal chest x-ray consistent with active TB disease, evaluate for active TB disease with a chest x-ray, symptom screen, and if indicated, sputum AFB smears, cultures and nucleic acid amplification testing. A negative tuberculin skin test or interferon gamma release assay does not rule out active TB disease.

LTBI testing is recommended if any of the boxes below are checked.		
<ul> <li>□ Birth, travel, or residence in a country with an elevated TB rate for at least 1 month</li> <li>• Includes any country other than the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or a country in western or northern Europe</li> <li>• If resources require prioritization within this group, prioritize patients with at least one medical risk for progression (see the California Adult Tuberculosis Risk Assessment User Guide for this list).</li> <li>• Interferon Gamma Release Assay is preferred over Tuberculin Skin Test for non-U.Sborn persons ≥2 years old</li> </ul>		
Immunosuppression, current or planned HIV infection, organ transplant recipient, treated with TNF-alpha antagonist (e.g., infliximab, etanercept, others), steroids (equivalent of prednisone ≥2 mg/kg/day, or ≥15 mg/day for ≥2 weeks) or other immunosuppressive medication		
☐ Close contact to someone with infectious TB disease during lifetime		
Treat for LTBI if LTBI test result is positive and active TB disease is ruled out.		
☐ None; no TB testing is indicated at this time.		
Provider Name:	Patient Name:	_
Assessment Date:	Date of Birth:	_

See the California Pediatric TB Risk Assessment User Guide for more information about using this tool. To ensure you have the most current version, go to the TB RISK ASSESSMENT page (https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/TB-Risk-Assessment.aspx)

